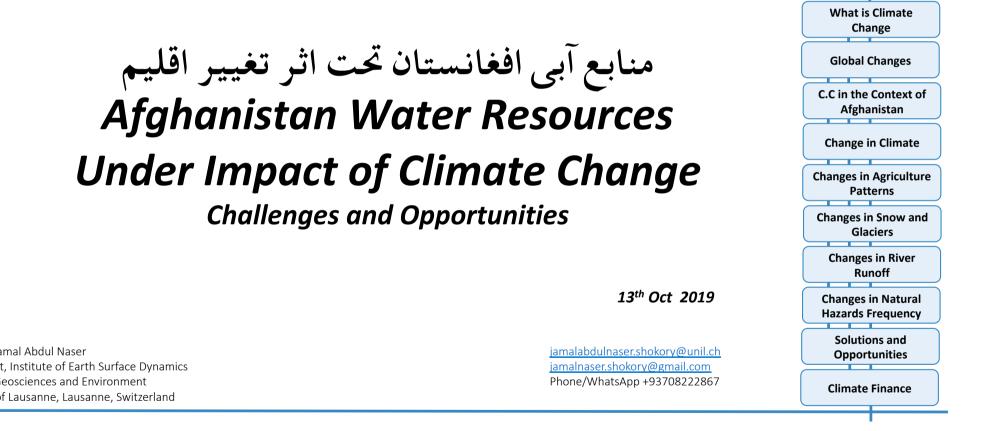
Inil

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SHOKORY Jamal Abdul Naser PhD student, Institute of Earth Surface Dynamics Faculty of Geosciences and Environment University of Lausanne, Lausanne, Switzerland

What is Climate Change?

What is Weather?

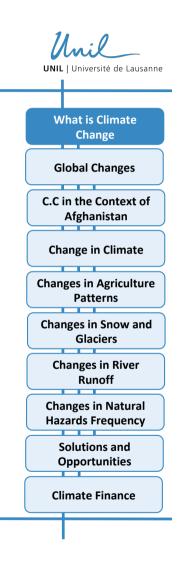
What is Climate?

What is Climate Change?

"A change in the state of the climate that can be identified (e.g. using statistical tests) by changes in the mean and/or the variability of its properties, and that persists for an extended period, typically decades or longer" (IPCC, 2009).

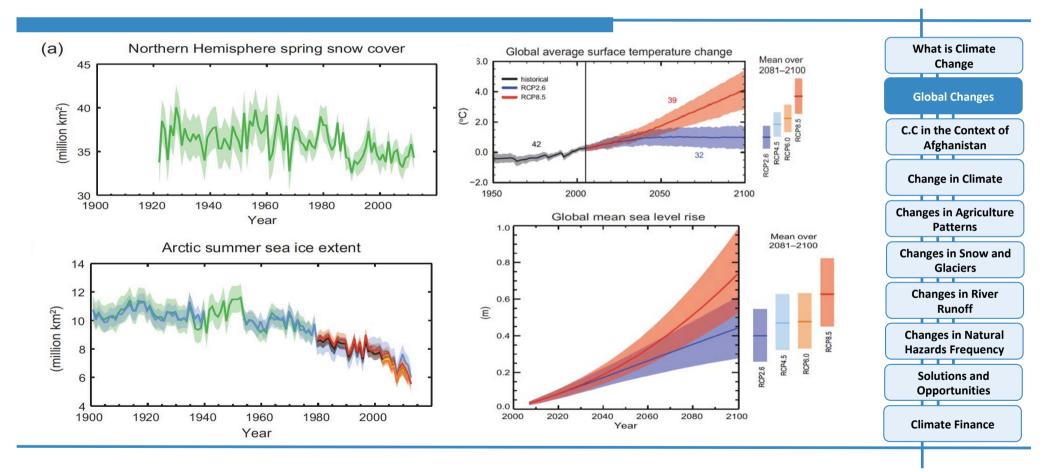
What are the challenges?

- Changes in Temperature
- Glacier melting
- Early snow melting
- Sea level rise
- Increases of Extreme events (Floods, Droughts, Hurricanes, Heat waves,...)



Unil Why Climate is Changing UNIL | Université de Lausanne What is Climate Change The Greenhouse Effect **Global Changes** Nitrous oxide (N₂O) . . . C.C in the Context of Afghanistan . . . 0 Change in Climate Water vapor (H₂O) Changes in Agriculture 0 Carbon Patterns . . . dioxide (CO₂) Changes in Snow and Glaciers **Changes in River** Methane (CH₄) Runoff **Changes in Natural** Hazards Frequency Solutions and Opportunities **Climate Finance**

Global Changes



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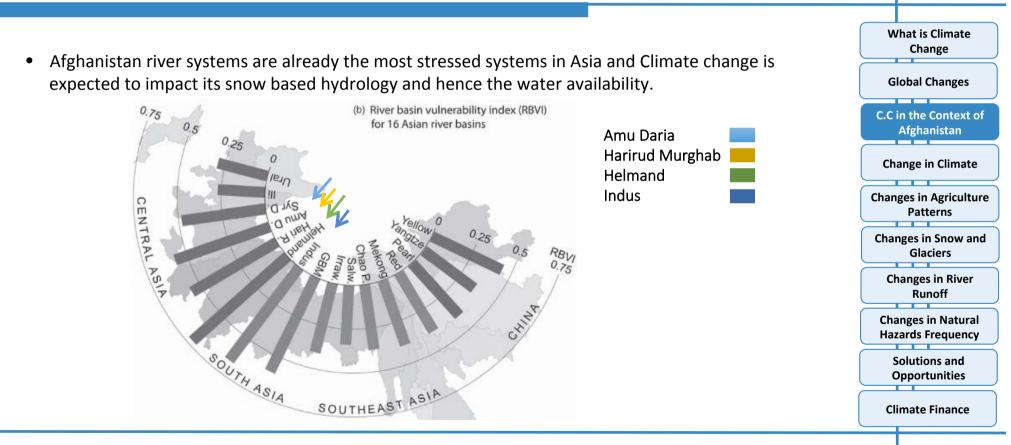
Global Changes

Precipitation patterns will change There may be more intense and more dry days in a yea rainfall on rainy days The effects of flooding **Conflicts involving water** The scarcity of water has given rise to many conflicts between nations ss of food and states. curity This can lead to rioting, causing... • Loss of life • Loss to public goods Loss to the economy

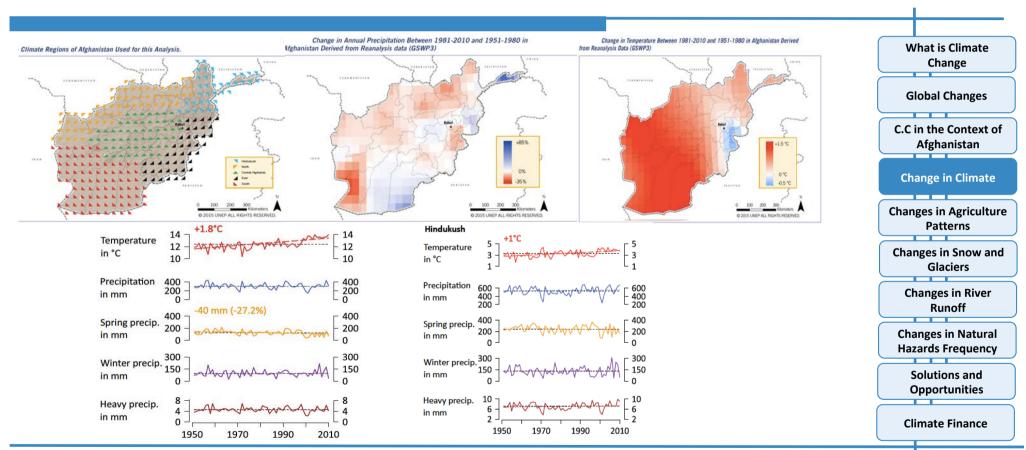
Unil UNIL | Université de Lausanne What is Climate Change **Global Changes** C.C in the Context of Afghanistan . . . **Change in Climate Changes in Agriculture** Patterns . . . **Changes in Snow and** Glaciers **Changes in River** Runoff **Changes in Natural** Hazards Frequency Solutions and Opportunities **Climate Finance**

Climate Change in the Context of Afghanistan

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Changes in Climate

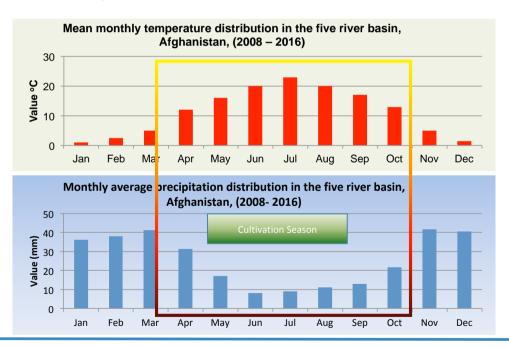


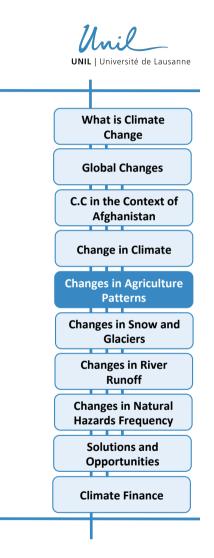
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Data source: Afghanistan and finally the dataset from the Global Soil Wetness Project Phase 3 (GSWP3) has been selected due to its performance over Afghanistan and its temporal coverage of the period from 1950 until 2010.

Changes in Agriculture Patterns

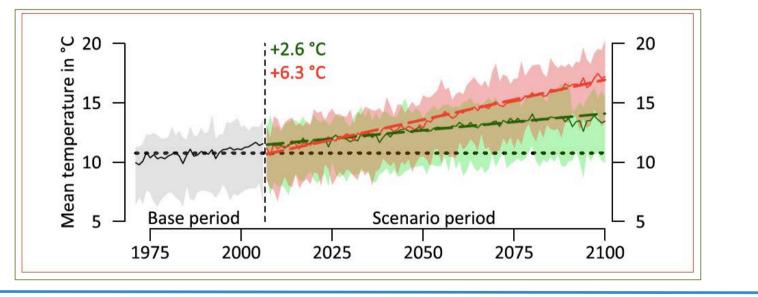
• In Afghanistan mostly the wet months (November-March) do not coincide with the agriculture active season (March-October) as in India or Pakistan





Changes in Agriculture Patterns

In (1975 – 2000) Wheat and Barely crops for optimal growth in the upper Kabul required 340 mm irrigation under mean temperature of 10.5 C°. But currently the same corps in the same location for their optimal growth require 510 mm, because mean temperature increase from 10.5 to 12.5 C° in 2015.

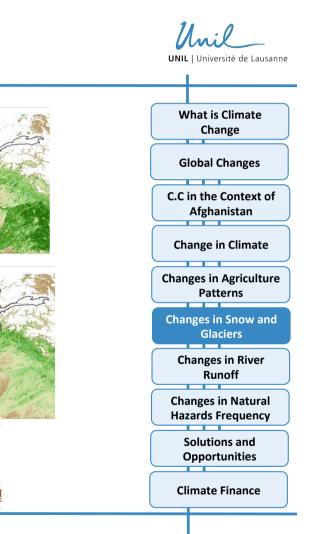




Changes in Snow and Glaciers

Period 06 / Feb 21 - 28, 2017

Period 09 / Mar 21 - 31, 2017



Map Produced by USGS/EROS

Period 10 / Apr 01 - 10, 2017

Period 07 / Mar 01 - 10, 2017

NDVI 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9

Sparse Moderate

Dense

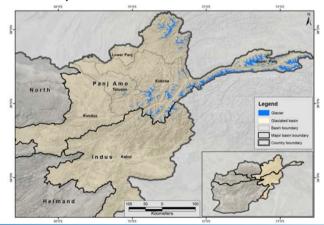
ZUSGS () CUSAID () FEWS NET

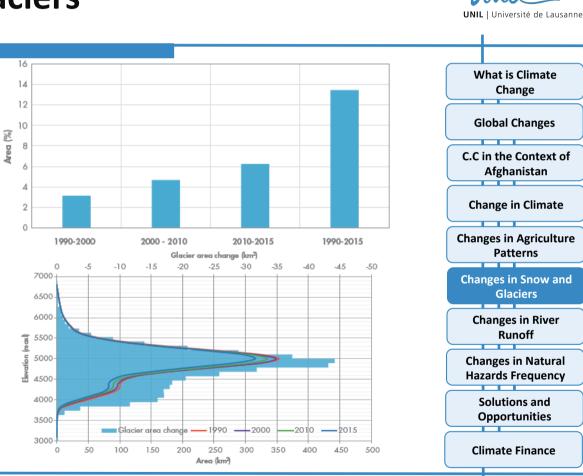
Period 08 / Mar 11 - 20, 2017

Period 11 / Apr 11 - 20, 2017

Changes in Snow and Glaciers

- Over 25 years (1990–2015), Afghanistan lost
 394 km2 (13.4%) of its total glacier area,
 - with 3.1% lost between 1990 and 2000,
 - and 7.7% between 2000 and 2010
 - Between 2010 and 2015, 6.25% of glacier area was lost (ICIMOD, MEW, 2018)



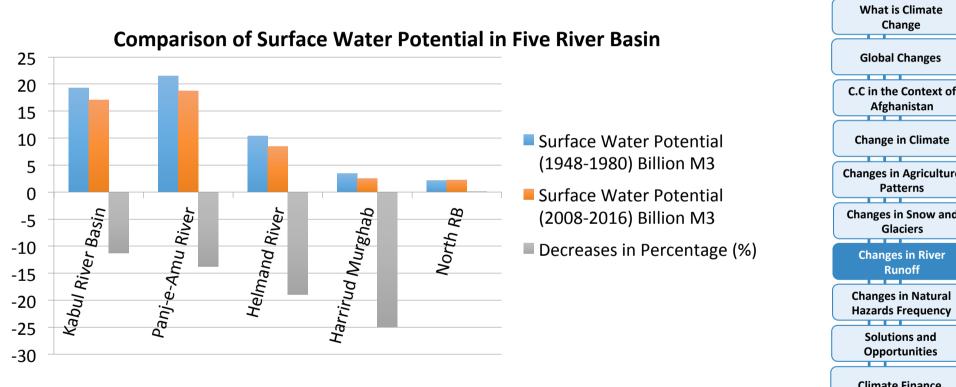


Changes in Snow and Glaciers

Unil UNIL | Université de Lausanne What is Climate Change **Global Changes** C.C in the Context of Afghanistan Change in Climate . . . Changes in Agriculture Patterns Changes in Snow and Glaciers **Changes in River** Runoff **Changes in Natural** Hazards Frequency . . . Solutions and Opportunities . . **Climate Finance**

Changes in River Runoff





Unil **Changes in River Runoff** UNIL | Université de Lausanne Rahbaar IET On Campus Society What is Climate Kabul River Basin Map **Proportinal Precipitation and PET in The** Population change Change **Kabul River Basin** (**voilliu**) 25 20 15 ~**** Rural population in mm) **Global Changes** 250 200 . . . Urban population C.C in the Context of (Precipitation/PET 150 Afghanistan Population 100 50 **Change in Climate** 0 Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Sep Oct Nov Dec Jan Aug **Changes in Agriculture** 100 200 Kilometers 2000 2005 2010 2015 2020 2025 2030 2035 2040 2045 Precipitation PET Patterns **Changes in Snow and** 25 100 100 Flooding Glaciers Precipitation in (mm) Present (2008 - 2012) 18.45 80 80 20 16.49 **Nolume (bcm)** 15 10 Future (2046- 2064) **Changes in River** 14.67 60 60 Runoff Critical 40 condit Changes in Natural 40 20 Hazards Frequency 5 20 0 Oct Nov Dec Jan lul Solutions and Feb Mar Apr day Jun Aug Sep 0 Opportunities Past (1961 -Current (2008 -Future (2046 -6 7 9 10 11 12 3 5 8 Δ CGCM MIROC 2000) 2012) 2064) Past Winter **Sprin** Summer Autumn **Climate Finance** GFDL.CM CNRM.CH3 Periods g

Changes in Natural Hazards Frequency

What is Climate Flood Casualty Rate in Afghanistan in Number during 2006-2010 Change 759375 70775 41068 **Global Changes** 35105 19095 15232 . . . 50625 C.C in the Context of 8546 Afghanistan 5062 5785 4447 . . . 3773 2738 1837 **Change in Climate** 3375 941 737 645 476 493 **Changes in Agriculture** 380 Patterns 124 225 **Changes in Snow and** 75 Glaciers **Changes in River** 15 Runoff **Changes in Natural Hazards Frequency** 1 Solutions and 2010 2009 2008 2007 2006 Opportunities Affected families Destruction of house (Completely) Destruction of house (Partly) Human Casualty **Climate Finance**

11...:0

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Changes in Natural Hazards Frequency

Unil UNIL | Université de Lausanne What is Climate Change **Global Changes** C.C in the Context of Afghanistan **Change in Climate Changes in Agriculture** Patterns



Flash floods around Kabul & eastern provinces, have resulted in **150 deaths** in central Afghanistan. **August 2013**

Flash floods have left over 100 deaths in northern and western Afghanistan. **April 2014**

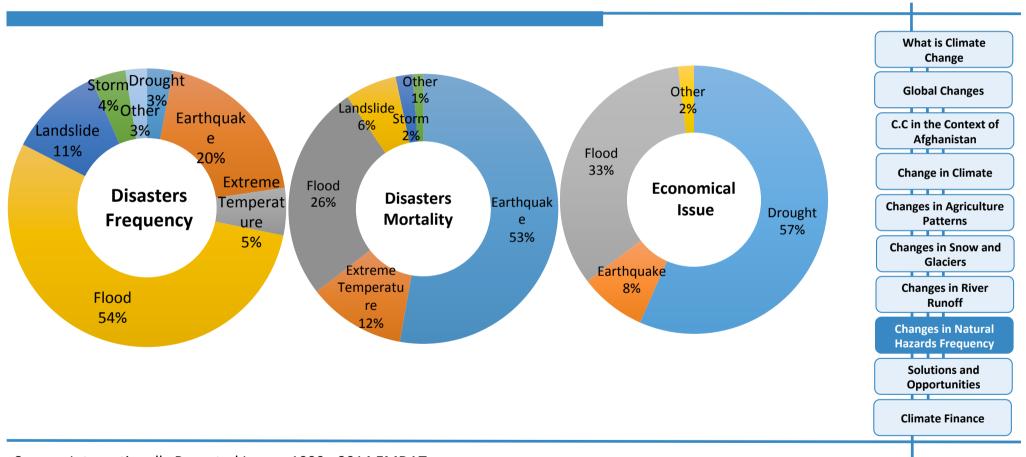
Hazards Frequency Solutions and Opportunities

Changes in Natural

Changes in Snow and Glaciers **Changes in River** Runoff

Climate Finance

Changes in Natural Hazards Frequency



Mail

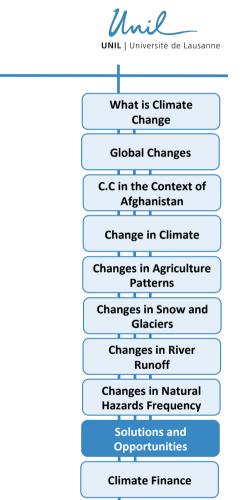
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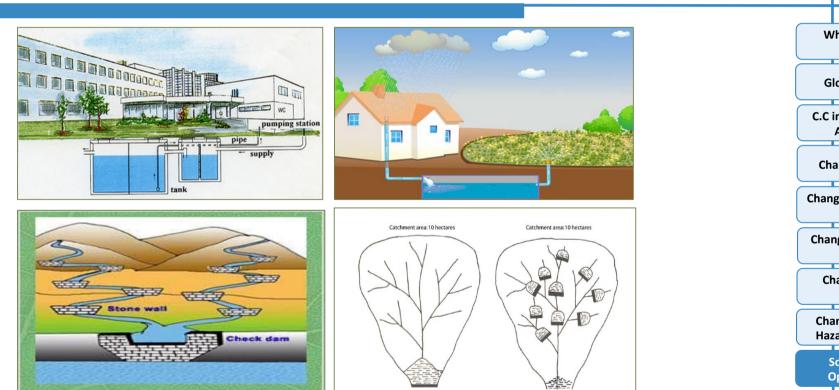
Source: Internationally Reported Losses 1990 - 2014 EMDAT

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Solutions and Opportunities

Water-harvesting & Watershed Management





Water-harvesting & Watershed Management

Va

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1. Contour trenching

2. Contour stone wall

4. Check dams or gully plugging

9. In situ moisture conservation measures

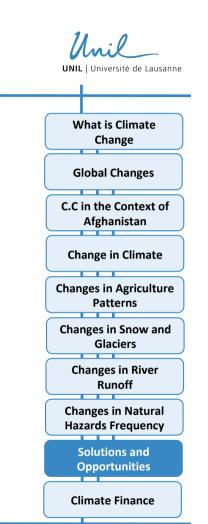
3. Contour bunds

8. Irrigation tanks

Farm Ponds
 Percolation ponds

7. Wells

Legend



Its Practice Effectively Divides Into: Domestic RWH RWH for Agriculture Erosion Control Flood Control

Aquifer Replenishment.



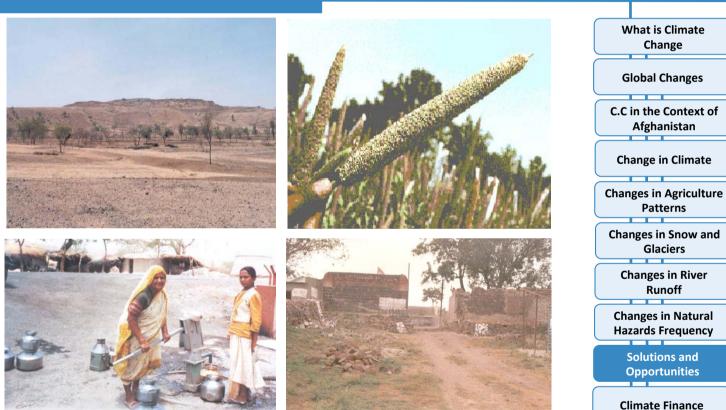
A Success Story of Comprehensive Watershed Development Program Maharashtra State

Ideal Village Hiware Bazar Tal - Nagar; District- Maharashtra State

- Average rainfall 350-400 mm
- Heavy soil erosion
- fuel wood unavailability
- Rain-fed farming
- Limited seasonal agriculture
- Farmers migrate for work
- Areas frequently suffers from ٠ droughts
- Drinking water scarcity
- Fodder unavailability
- Frequent migration to urban areas for employment

Social Problems

- Unemployment
- Migration, Frustration Of Villagers
- Increase In Crime



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Change

Patterns

Glaciers

Runoff



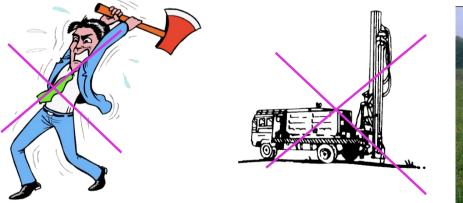
STRATEGIES FOR EFFECTING CHANGE

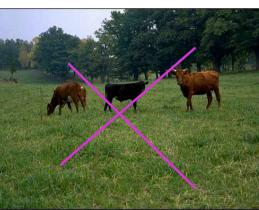


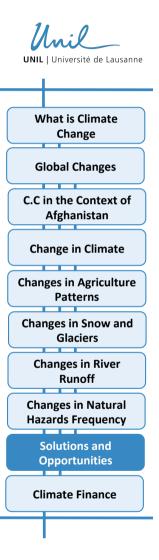
Goal: Ground Water Recharge and Crop Management

Bandages

- Water intensive crop cultivation (banana & sugarcane)
- Selling of land to outsiders
- Bore wells for irrigation purpose (Only for drinking water)
- Feeling of ownership village natural resources







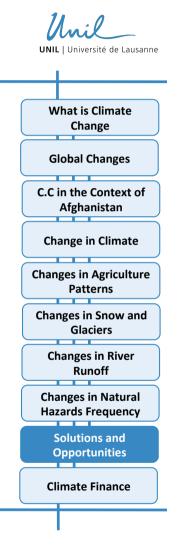
Comprehensive Watershed Development Program Principles Social Discipline Maharashtra State

Interested villages are required to observe the 7 Principles of social discipline

in totality. They are...

- 1. Family Planning,
- 2. Ban on Alcohol,
- 3. Ban on Tree Cutting,
- 4. Ban on Free Grazing,
- 5. Voluntary Donation of Labor,
- 6. Ban on Open Defecation,
- 7. Ban on Bore-well for Irrigation.





Before





After



Mail

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Patterns

Glaciers

Runoff

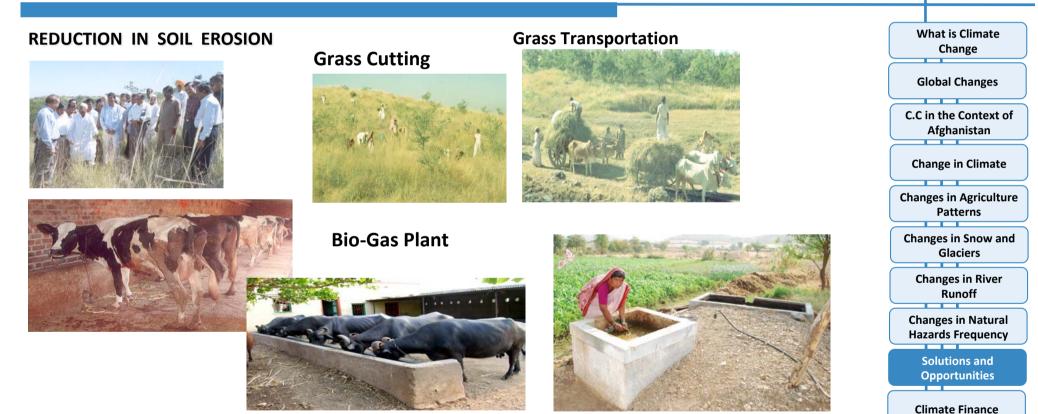
Artificial Aquifer Blast





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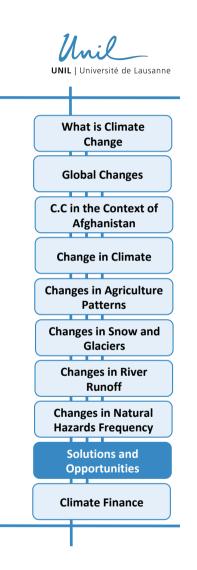
Rise in Water-table (70-80 ft. To 20-25 ft.)

□ Change in cropping pattern (jawar & bajara (sorghum and millets) to onion, potato, horticulture, vegetables and floriculture)

□ Increase in cropping intensity

Increase in fodder availability (From 1500 mt. To 6000 mt.)

□ Increase in milk production (From 300 lit. To 3500 lit./ Day)



Maharashtra State Rural Transformation Mission 1000 Ideal Village Project of Govt. of Maharashtra.

Actor Aamir Khan's Paani Foundation expanded the work of watershed development along the lines of Hiwre Bazar to 7000 villages.



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UNIL | Université de Lausanne What is Climate



Amazing Indian Award By Prime Minister of India



National Productivity Award



SantGadageBabaGramSwacchata



International Water Management Award



Dalit Mitra Award



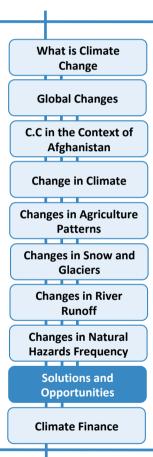
SantTukaramVangram Award



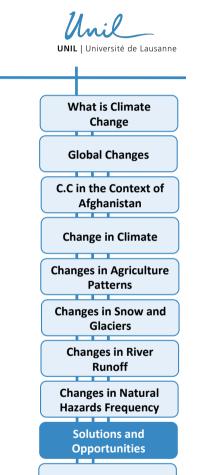
National Groundwater Management Award



Vasantrao Naik Krishi Ratna



TODAY'S HIWARE BAZAR

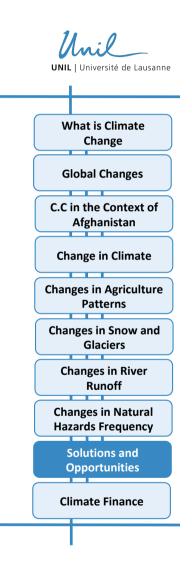


Climate Finance

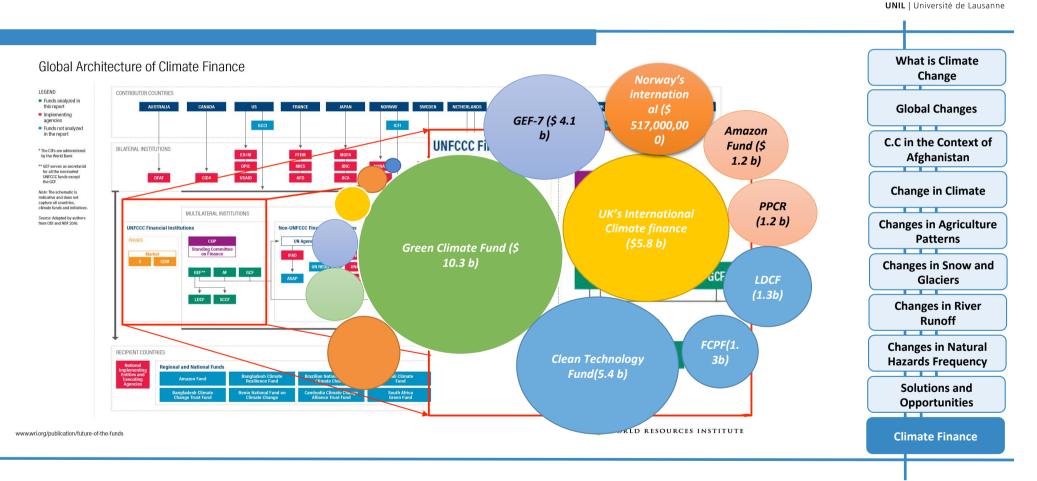
One Educated Individual Can Change A Home

One Educated Home Can Change A Village

And One Educated Village Can Transform A Nation



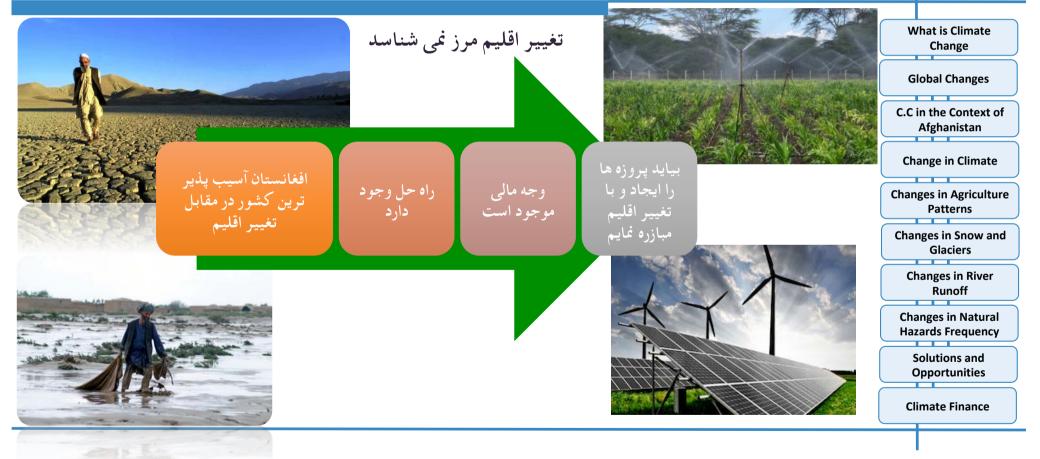
Climate Finance



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Last Message

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Thank you